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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revision date / version: 22.02.2023 / 0001

Replacing version dated / version: 22.02.2023 / 0001

Valid from: 22.02.2023

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Wood Lazure (Holzlasur), shades: Pine, Larch, Light Oak, Antique Oak, Teak, Chestnut, Wenge,

Palisander, Ebony, Silvering Lazure

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Wood Lazure (Holzlasur), shades: Pine, Larch, Light Oak, Antique Oak, Teak, Chestnut, Wenge, Palisander, Ebony, Silvering Lazure

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Wood preservatives

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KREIDEZEIT Naturfarben GmbH

Kassemühle 3

31195 Lamspringe

Tel.: +49 (0) 506 0 608 06 50

Fax: +49 (0) 506 0 608 06 80

E-Mail: info@kreidezeit.de

Homepage: www.kreidezeit.de

Distributor:

Mike Wye & Associates Ltd

Buckland Filleigh Sawmills

Shebbear

Beaworthy

EX21 5RN

Tel: +44 1409 281644

Email: sales@mikewye.co.uk

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

+49 551 19240 (D-37075 Göttingen, 24 hour)

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Flam. Liq.	3	H226-Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Tox.	4	H332-Harmful if inhaled.
Acute Tox.	4	H302-Harmful if swallowed.
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aquatic Chronic	2	H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H226-Flammable liquid and vapour. H332-Harmful if inhaled. H302-Harmful if swallowed. H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H315-Causes skin irritation. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P264-Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling. P270-Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310-IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P314-Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell. P331-Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405-Store locked up.

P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

Turpentine, oil

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

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Dangerous vapours heavier than air.
 In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Turpentine, oil	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119553060-53-XXXX
Index	650-002-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	932-349-8
CAS	---
content %	25-<50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	022-006-002
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	236-675-5
CAS	13463-67-7
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Carc. 2, H351 (as inhalation)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
 The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
 For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
 Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
 Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

eyes, reddened

watering eyes

reddening of the skin

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Allergic reaction

Nausea

Vomiting

Danger of aspiration.

Oedema of the lungs

Chemical pneumonitis (condition similar to pneumonia)

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

Gastric lavage (stomach washing) only under endotracheal intubation.

Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Metal oxides

Toxic gases

Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.

Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.

Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

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Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Under all circumstances prevent penetration into the soil.

Observe special storage conditions.

Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.

Protect from direct sunlight and warming.

Store in a well ventilated place.

Store cool.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.

Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,

depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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8.1 Control parameters

ⒸⒺ	Chemical Name	Turpentine, oil	
WEL-TWA: 100 ppm (566 mg/m3)		WEL-STEL: 150 ppm (850 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:		<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	
ⒸⒺ	Chemical Name	Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust), 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust)		WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:		---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	
ⒸⒺ	Chemical Name	Silicon dioxide	
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)		WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:		---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	
ⒸⒺ	Chemical Name	Talc	
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (res. dust)		WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:		---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	
ⒸⒺ	Chemical Name	Aluminium powder (stabilised)	
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)		WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:		---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	
ⒸⒺ	Chemical Name	Iron(III)oxide	
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3 (fume, as Fe) / Rouge: 4 mg/m3 (resp. dust), 10 mg/m3 (total inh. dust)		WEL-STEL: 10 mg/m3 (fume, as Fe)	---
Monitoring procedures:		---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,184	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0184	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,193	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1000	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	

	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	1667	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	700	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

Silicon dioxide						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	60000	mg/kg feed	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	

Aluminium powder (stabilised)						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,0749	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	20	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,95	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	3,72	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,72	mg/m3	

Iron(III)oxide						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

Triferric tetraoxide						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

minute reference period).

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).

If applicable

Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).

Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).

Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,5

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account. Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	According to specification
Odour:	Characteristic Turpentine, oil
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	Flammable
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	34 °C (Turpentine, oil)
Auto-ignition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Mixture is non-soluble (in water).
Kinematic viscosity:	<20,5 mm ² /s (40°C)
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	~1,02-1,08 g/cm ³
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information

Explosives:	Product is not explosive. When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.
Oxidising liquids:	No

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Holzlasur, Farbtöne: kiefer, lärche, eiche hell, eiche antik, teak, nussbaum, wenge, palisander, ebenholz

Versilberungslasur

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	1265,8	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			Vapours, calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	3,80	mg/l/4h			Aerosol, calculated value
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Turpentine, oil

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>300-<2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	13,7	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						Yes

Symptoms:						respiratory distress, abdominal pain, drowsiness, unconsciousness, burning of the membranes of the nose and throat, coughing, headaches, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
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Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$)						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Up-and-Down Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>6,8	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitising
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Not irritant (respiratory tract). (90d)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT- RE), oral:	NOAEL	3500	mg/kg/d	Rat		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT- RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	10	mg/m3	Rat		(90d)
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation, coughing, respiratory distress, drying of the skin.

Silicon dioxide						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		References
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>0,139	mg/l/4h	Rat		References, Maximum achievable concentration.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, References
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible., References
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):						No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						eyes, reddened

Talc						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant

Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:				Rat		Negative
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

Aluminium powder (stabilised)						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	15900	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat		Dust, Mist
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

Iron(III)oxide						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>210	mg/m3	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, Analogous conclusion, Mechanical irritation possible.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, Analogous conclusion, Mechanical irritation possible.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Aspiration hazard:						No

Symptoms:						respiratory distress, coughing, mucous membrane irritation
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11.2. Information on other hazards

Holzlasur, Farbtöne: kiefer, lärche, eiche hell, eiche antik, teak, nussbaum, wenge, palisander, ebenholz Versilberungslasur						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Holzlasur, Farbtöne: kiefer, lärche, eiche hell, eiche antik, teak, nussbaum, wenge, palisander, ebenholz Versilberungslasur							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Turpentine, oil							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		4,49			OECD 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - HPLC method)	

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	29	mg/l		OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	8,8	mg/l		OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	16,4-17,1	mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	16	mg/l	Pseudokirchneria subcapitata	U.S. EPA-600/9-78-018	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	9,6				Not to be expected
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	14d	19-352				Oncorhynchus mykiss
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Negative
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:			>5000	mg/l	Escherichia coli		
Toxicity to bacteria:	LC0	24h	>10000	mg/l	Pseudomonas fluorescens		
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/NOEL		>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida		
Water solubility:							Insoluble 20°C

Silicon dioxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>10000	mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Abiotically degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Talc							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Water solubility:			<0,1	%			
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	100	g/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Aluminium powder (stabilised)							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Not relevant for inorganic substances.

Iron(III)oxide							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>10000	mg/l	activated sludge	ISO 8192	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

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Wood Lazure (Holzlasur), shades: Pine, Larch, Light Oak, Antique Oak, Teak, Chestnut, Wenge,

Palisander, Ebony, Silvering Lazure

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be

allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

03 02 01 non-halogenated organic wood preservatives

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1299

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1299 TURPENTINE, MIXTURE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

3

14.4. Packing group:

III

14.5. Environmental hazards:

environmentally hazardous

Tunnel restriction code:

D/E

Classification code:

F1

LQ:

5 L

Transport category:

3

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

For exceptions see Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 and guidelines for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/1148.

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000
E2		200	500

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 39,5 %

Observe incident regulations.

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: n.a.
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	Classification based on test data.
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.

Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).

Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).

Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.

ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.

GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).

German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).

EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.

National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, E_μCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil

Kow octanol-water partition coefficient

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry

LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil

Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient

LQ Limited Quantities

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

n.a. not applicable

n.av. not available

n.c. not checked

n.d.a. no data available

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)

NLP No-longer-Polymer

NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

org. organic

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PE Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

ppm parts per million

PVC Polyvinylchloride

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.

RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone

TOC Total organic carbon

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

wwt wet weight

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Palisander, Ebony, Silvering Lazure

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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